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Single-Family Rental Research

Performance Summary Covering All Morningstar-Rated Securitizations

July 2018

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Introduction

The blended rent change for single borrower, single-family rental securitizations rated by Morningstar Credit Ratings, LLC increased for the sixth consecutive month by 4.9% in June, compared with a revised 4.7% rise in May. While the change in rents reflected in RentRange continues to trail the rent changes in securitizations, the RentRange rents for three- and four-bedroom properties did increase by 1.5% and 1.1%, respectively, after being flat in May. The average vacancy rate increased to 4.3% in June from a revised 4.0% in May. The increase in vacancy was likely due to a corresponding increase in lease expirations, following a seasonal trend of higher lease expirations and vacancies in the spring and summer months. The average retention rate for expiring leases declined 180 basis points, but remains strong at 78.2% as of May, the latest month available, from a revised 80.0% in April. Among the top 20 metropolitan statistical areas, the Denver-Aurora MSA had the highest vacancy rate at 7.1%, up from a revised 5.6% in May, followed by Sarasota-Bradenton-Venice, Florida at 6.1% and Fort Lauderdale, Florida at 6.0%. The Phoenix MSA continued to experience the highest blended rent growth of 7.1%, while the Las Vegas; Los Angeles; Orlando, Florida; and Riverside-San Bernardino, California MSAs all experienced rent growth over 6.0%. The Sarasota-Bradenton-Venice, Florida MSA is the only market to experience rent growth under 3.0%. IH 2018-SFR2 is now reporting data and was added to this month's report. CSH 2016-1 paid down its principal balance by \$200.1 million to \$327.8 million from \$527.9 million. The July Single-Family Rental Performance Summary includes 24 single-borrower deals with over 87,200 properties.

According to the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, there are approximately 18 wildfires burning currently in California ranging in containment from 29% to 100%. Most of the fires are predominantly in rural areas; there are no securitized single-family rental properties affected by the Carr Fire in Shasta and Trinity counties and the Ranch/Mendocino Complex Fires in

Colusa, Lake, and Mendocino counties. Morningstar will continue to monitor the Holy Fire in Orange County, the Valley Fire in San Bernardino County, and other California wildfires to see if there is any impact on single-family rental securitizations.

Morningstar publishes our performance summary to provide market participants detailed property-level information on each singlefamily rental securitization that Morningstar has rated. The data below summarizes issuer-reported property-level information through June. Page 6 includes a summary of the multiborrower transactions. For deals seasoned at least one year, we provide Morningstar Surveillance Analysis reports, available on our website, <u>www.morningstarcreditratings.com</u>.



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Single-Borrower Performance

Lease expirations remained at 8.0% for the second consecutive month in June, up from a revised 7.1% in April, following a seasonal trend of increasing in the spring and summer months. The increase in lease expirations corresponds with a 30-basis-point increase in the vacancy rate. HPA 2016-2 continued to have the highest lease expiration rate at 21.8% in June, while also having the highest vacancy rate at 6.6%, followed by CSH 2016-2 at 6.2% and SWH 2017-1 at 6.0%. The average retention rate on full-term leases remained strong at 78.2% in May, the latest month for which data is available, down from a revised 80.0% or higher. The overall turnover rate increased to 3.5% in May, the latest month for which data is available, from 2.7% in April. The average delinquency rate decreased 10 basis points to 0.5% in June, with three transactions reporting delinquency rates of 1.0% or greater. AMSR 2016-SFR1 reported the highest delinquency rate, at 1.7% in June, down from a revised 1.8% in May. Please note that any review of delinquency should be viewed within the context of the delinquency definitions in Table 7.

Rents rose 4.9% in May, the sixth consecutive month of higher rent increases. Chart 1 shows that the rent gains for securitized properties increased above their RentRange benchmarks, which increased slightly in June from a relatively flat May. The RentRange benchmarks track the year-over-year change on three- and four-bedroom median rents, weighted by MSA to match the geographic concentration of the Morningstar database.

Chart 2 shows the rental change of renewals versus vacant-to-occupied properties. For May, the latest month for which data is available, the rent change for renewal properties increased 4.4% and vacant-to-occupied properties increased by 5.1%, up from a revised 4.6% in April. May is the fifth consecutive month of increasing rent change for vacant-to-occupied rent changes. Chart 3 shows that the average contractual rents by MSA have been largely in line with or slightly higher than their property-level RentRange estimates, with the exception of Houston, where contractual rents were slightly lower than the RentRange average. Chart 4 shows the MSA-level blended rent change. MSAs with rent changes above the 4.9% average are in blue, while those below are in red. The size of the circle indicates the percentage of properties by count from a given MSA in Morningstar's database. Table 3 shows the MSA-level blended rent change for the past 12 months.

Table 11b shows the percentage of loans rented out under a month-to-month lease. AMSR 2016-SFR1 MTM leases declined slightly to 17.7% of its portfolio, but still rank the highest. TAH 2016-SFR1 has the second-highest percentage of MTM leases with 7.4% in June, down from 8.1% in May.

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Multiborrower Performance

With the addition of CAF 2018-1, there have been nine multiborrower transactions. As of the most recent remittance report, these transactions are secured by 871 total loans. The number of loans 30-59 days delinquent increased by one to 10, while the number of loans 60-89 days delinquent decreased to three from six, and the loans over 90 days delinquent remained unchanged at 16. Loans in foreclosure also remained the same at five, and loans in special servicing decreased by one to 29. FKL 2015-SFR1 had six loans pay off, bringing the total number of loans securing the transaction down to eight, while the outstanding principal balance was paid down by over \$82 million to about \$75.8 million from about \$157.8 million.

	30-59 Delinquent	60-89 Delinquent	90+ Delinquent	Foreclosure	Real Estate Owned	Special Servicing
B2R 2015-1	0.00	0.20	0.26	0.20	0.00	0.60
FKL 2015-SFR1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CAF 2015-1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.74
B2R 2015-2	0.27	0.32	1.09	0.22	0.00	1.44
CAF 2016-1	1.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.35
B2R 2016-1	1.22	0.00	2.21	0.25	0.00	2.89
CAF 2016-2	0.87	0.00	3.11	2.79	0.00	4.23
CAF 2017-1	0.00	0.00	0.72	0.00	0.00	1.45
CAF 2018-1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Table 1 – Multiborrower Loan Performance by Percentage of Balance

Table 2 – Multiborrower Loan Performance by Loan Count

	Total Loans	30-59 Delinquent	60-89 Delinquent	90+ Delinquent	Foreclosure	Real Estate Owned	Special Servicing
B2R 2015-1	125	0	1	1	1	0	3
FKL 2015-SFR1	8	0	0	0	0	0	0
CAF 2015-1	54	0	0	0	0	0	1
B2R 2015-2	187	1	2	5	1	0	7
CAF 2016-1	72	3	0	0	0	0	1
B2R 2016-1	154	5	0	5	1	0	9
CAF 2016-2	68	1	0	3	2	0	5
CAF 2017-1	86	0	0	2	0	0	3
CAF 2018-1	117	0	0	0	0	0	0
Overall	871	10	3	16	5	0	29
6							



Single-Borrower Charts and Tables

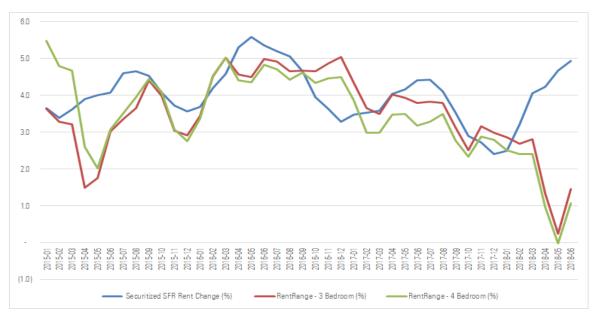
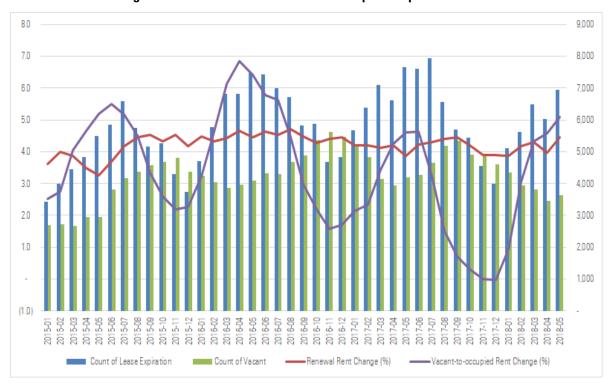


Chart 1 - Single-Family Rental Rent Change Versus RentRange Year-Over-Year Rent Change

Sources: Morningstar Credit Ratings, LLC; RentRange





Source: Morningstar Credit Ratings, LLC

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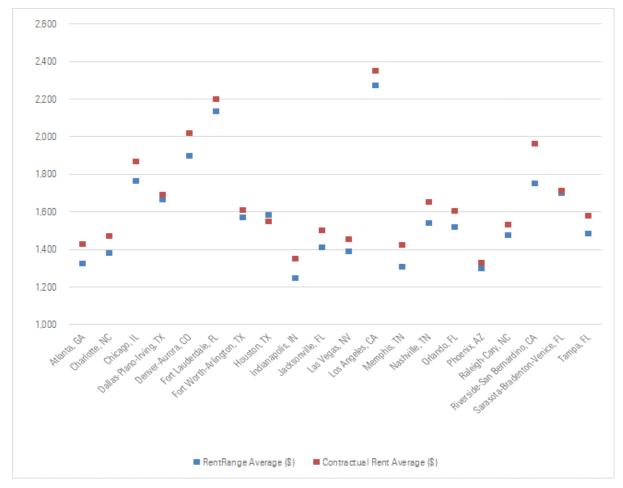
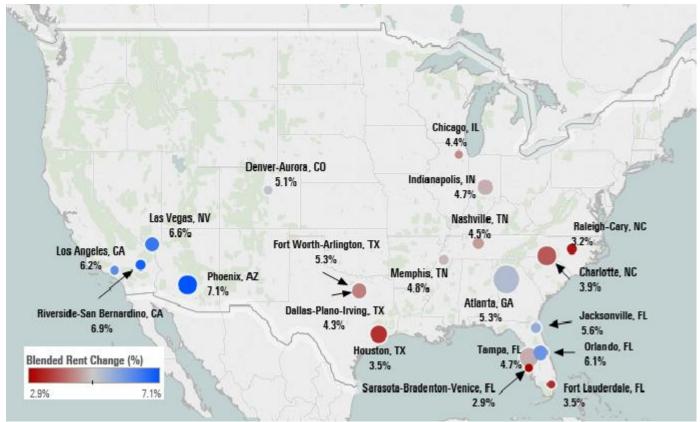


Chart 3 – June Average Contractual Rent Versus Property-Level RentRange Estimate by MSA

Sources: Morningstar Credit Ratings, LLC; RentRange



Chart 4 - MSA-Level Blended Rent Change*



Sources: Morningstar Credit Ratings, LLC; Tableau Software

*The size of the circles represents the total percentage (by count) of properties in each MSA, ranging from 1.34% to 14.17%. Because of their proximity, the Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas, MSA is hidden behind the Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas, MSA.



Table 3 – Blended I	Rent Change (I	by Percentage	e) - Top	MSAs												
		Year 2017			Year 2018											
		Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun			
Atlanta, GA		4.9	4.6	4.4	4.3	3.6	3.5	3.1	3.9	5.1	4.8	5.3	5.3			
Charlotte, NC	$\overline{}$	4.1	3.2	3.0	2.7	1.7	1.0	1.4	2.5	3.4	3.1	4.0	3.9			
Chicago, IL		2.2	2.1	0.8	0.8	-0.2	-0.6	0.7	1.3	1.6	3.0	4.3	4.4			
Dallas-Plano-Irving, TX		5.2	4.3	4.1	2.8	2.8	2.4	2.5	3.2	3.6	3.9	4.0	4.3			
Denver-Aurora, CO	$\overline{}$	6.2	6.2	4.2	1.7	2.4	3.8	1.6	4.3	5.7	4.9	4.6	5.1			
Fort Lauderdale, FL	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	2.5	1.8	2.2	2.2	1.2	1.7	1.8	2.5	2.8	2.9	3.8	3.5			
Fort Worth-Arlington, TX		4.6	4.5	4.4	3.3	3.2	2.7	2.3	3.2	4.2	4.1	4.1	5.3			
Houston, TX	~	1.5	1.6	-0.8	-0.4	-0.6	0.0	1.4	1.4	3.1	3.6	3.3	3.5			
Indianapolis, IN		3.0	3.1	2.0	1.8	0.4	0.2	-0.1	2.9	3.3	3.3	4.2	4.7			
Jacksonville, FL		4.3	3.5	3.7	3.3	2.6	2.3	3.0	3.3	4.1	5.2	5.5	5.6			
Las Vegas, NV	~~~~	5.4	5.9	5.1	3.1	4.5	4.0	4.2	5.1	5.6	5.2	6.2	6.6			
Los Angeles, CA	~~~~	8.0	7.5	6.3	6.5	6.0	6.4	6.3	4.6	5.7	6.0	6.3	6.2			
Memphis, TN		2.3	2.7	2.4	1.0	0.2	-0.1	0.9	1.5	3.2	3.9	4.4	4.8			
Nashville, TN		4.8	4.0	3.7	3.3	2.2	1.1	1.7	1.9	2.8	3.1	4.6	4.5			
Orlando, FL		5.2	4.7	4.1	3.2	4.0	4.0	3.2	4.9	4.9	5.1	5.3	6.1			
Phoenix, AZ		6.8	6.1	5.5	4.8	5.0	4.1	4.1	5.0	6.3	6.4	6.2	7.1			
Raleigh-Cary, NC		3.7	3.3	3.4	2.6	2.1	0.5	1.3	1.6	2.4	3.0	3.9	3.2			
Riverside-San Bernardino, CA		5.9	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.5	4.6	4.9	5.2	5.3	6.9			
Sarasota-Bradenton-Venice, FL		2.1	1.4	1.0	0.4	1.0	0.4	0.8	2.0	2.9	2.9	3.4	2.9			
Tampa, FL		3.6	3.2	2.6	1.7	2.4	2.1	2.1	2.9	3.7	4.3	4.3	4.7			
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Table 3 – Blended Rent Change (by Percentage) - Top MSAs



Table 4a – Month-End Vacancy (by Count)



Table 4a – Month-	End Vacancy (by	Count) 📃												
		Year 2017						Year 2018						Count
		Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	
AH4R 2014-SFR2		209	230	251	248	235	215	233	217	186	166	128	134	4,481
AH4R 2014-SFR3		234	310	298	317	299	284	266	265	243	227	200	208	4,499
AH4R 2015-SFR1		198	243	282	312	331	304	309	294	253	256	198	159	4,634
AH4R 2015-SFR2		267	253	268	276	252	238	235	217	229	248	234	202	4, 123
AMSR 2016-SFR1		355	335	350	339	366	375	397	328	280	244	215	250	4,262
CAH 2015-1		239	261	225	214	226	230	176	165	171	153	146	223	3,758
CSH 2016-1		194	215	207	214	207	207	202	180	189	180	196	206	3,516
CSH 2016-2		241	266	241	230	254	257	256	229	214	217	223	244	3,955
HPA 2016-2		80	63	48	36	42	46	52	45	41	53	75	86	1,301
HPA 2017-1		19	26	36	50	64	57	53	34	39	46	49	42	1,345
IH 2017-SFR2								177	158	136	124	141	179	4,411
IH 2018-SFR1										131	131	193	230	4,289
IH 2018-SFR2													248	5,610
PRD 2015-SFR2		130	149	180	197	148	113	93	95	95	95	95	117	3,287
PRD 2015-SFR3		222	269	259	245	206	160	114	83	80	87	107	140	3, 150
PRD 2016-SFR1		279	314	311	304	277	244	227	215	185	201	197	200	5,549
PRD 2016-SFR2		181	282	265	238	162	122	104	104	105	98	109	134	3,742
PRD 2017-SFR1			131	187	203	183	150	94	67	60	60	71	90	2,708
PRD 2018-SFR1											19	18	44	2,113
SWH 2017-1						184	209	219	238	239	231	233	265	4,432
TAH 2016-SFR1		187	169	199	186	178	156	161	150	162	136	167	156	3,436
TAH 2017-SFR1				173	162	164	146	152	145	124	84	109	76	3,480
TAH 2017-SFR2								109	93	94	109	96	79	2,621
TAH 2018-SFR1	~											104	80	2,509
Overall SFR		3,035	3,516	3,780	3,771	3,778	3,513	3,629	3,322	3,256	3, 165	3,304	3,792	87,211
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Table 4b – Month-End Vacancy (by Percentage)



		Year 2017					Va	ar 2018					
		Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
AH4R 2014-SFR2	2	4.7	5.1	5.6	5.5	5.2	4.8	5.2	4.8	4.2	3.7	2.9	3.0
AH4R 2014-SFR3	3	5.2	6.9	6.6	7.0	6.6	6.3	5.9	5.9	5.4	5.0	4.4	4.6
AH4R 2015-SFR1	1	4.2	5.2	6.1	6.7	7.1	6.5	6.6	6.3	5.4	5.5	4.3	3.4
AH4R 2015-SFR2	2	6.5	6.1	6.5	6.7	6.1	5.8	5.7	5.3	5.6	6.0	5.7	4.9
AMSR 2016-SFR	11	8.3	7.9	8.2	8.0	8.6	8.8	9.3	7.7	6.6	5.7	5.0	5.9
CAH 2015-1	~	6.2	6.8	5.9	5.6	6.0	6.1	4.6	4.4	4.5	4.1	3.9	5.9
CSH 2016-1		5.4	6.0	5.8	6.0	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.1	5.3	5.1	5.6	5.9
CSH 2016-2		6.0	6.7	6.0	5.8	6.4	6.4	6.4	5.7	5.4	5.5	5.6	6.2
HPA 2016-2		6.0	4.7	3.6	2.7	3.1	3.4	3.9	3.4	3.1	4.0	5.7	6.6
HPA 2017-1		1.4	1.9	2.6	3.6	4.7	4.2	3.9	2.5	2.9	3.4	3.6	3.1
IH 2017-SFR2								4.0	3.6	3.1	2.8	3.2	4.1
IH 2018-SFR1										3.1	3.1	4.5	5.4
IH 2018-SFR2													4.4
PRD 2015-SFR2		3.9	4.5	5.5	6.0	4.5	3.4	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.6
PRD 2015-SFR3		7.0	8.5	8.2	7.8	6.5	5.1	3.6	2.6	2.5	2.8	3.4	4.4
PRD 2016-SFR1		5.0	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.0	4.4	4.1	3.9	3.3	3.6	3.6	3.6
PRD 2016-SFR2		4.8	7.5	7.1	6.4	4.3	3.3	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.9	3.6
PRD 2017-SFR1			4.8	6.9	7.5	6.8	5.5	3.5	2.5	2.2	2.2	2.6	3.3
PRD 2018-SFR1											0.9	0.9	2.1
SWH 2017-1						4.2	4.7	4.9	5.4	5.4	5.2	5.3	6.0
TAH 2016-SFR1		5.4	4.9	5.8	5.4	5.2	4.5	4.7	4.4	4.7	4.0	4.9	4.5
TAH 2017-SFR1				5.0	4.7	4.7	4.2	4.4	4.2	3.6	2.4	3.1	2.2
TAH 2017-SFR2								4.2	3.5	3.6	4.2	3.7	3.0
TAH 2018-SFR1												4.1	3.2
Overall SFR		5.5	6.1	6.1	6.1	5.7	5.3	5.0	4.6	4.2	4.0	4.0	4.3
12													



Table 4c – Month-End Vacancy (by Percentage) – Top MSAs													
		Year 2017					Ye	ar 2018					
		Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
Atlanta, GA		4.4	4.9	4.8	5.0	4.7	4.4	4.6	4.6	4.0	4.2	4.1	4.3
Charlotte, NC		5.2	5.8	6.6	6.6	6.1	5.8	5.8	5.5	5.4	4.4	4.4	4.5
Chicago, IL		4.8	5.0	5.0	5.7	5.2	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.3	4.9	4.8	3.4
Dallas-Plano-Irving, TX		5.0	5.6	5.5	5.5	4.9	5.3	5.0	4.5	4.6	4.3	4.1	4.6
Denver-Aurora, CO	~~~~	5.8	6.5	5.4	4.9	4.7	5.4	4.8	5.0	4.0	4.0	5.6	7.1
Fort Lauderdale, FL		6.3	6.3	6.7	6.8	6.1	5.8	5.1	4.2	5.0	4.9	6.1	6.0
Fort Worth-Arlington, TX		5.2	5.0	4.8	4.9	5.9	5.2	5.0	4.3	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.9
Houston, TX		7.9	9.2	9.8	10.0	9.4	8.8	8.8	7.3	6.4	6.3	5.9	5.9
Indianapolis, IN		6.3	6.7	6.7	6.2	5.6	5.3	4.4	5.1	4.3	4.1	3.0	3.9
Jacksonville, FL	\sim	4.4	5.1	6.4	5.8	5.2	4.5	4.6	4.0	3.2	2.6	3.4	3.5
Las Vegas, NV	\sim	4.3	4.4	4.5	3.8	3.5	3.6	2.6	2.5	2.8	2.2	3.0	3.1
Los Angeles, CA		5.1	4.6	4.6	4.9	5.2	4.3	5.0	3.7	3.2	3.9	4.0	5.5
Memphis, TN		6.3	6.7	7.3	7.3	6.2	5.3	5.2	4.3	4.0	3.9	3.5	3.7
Nashville, TN	\frown	6.2	7.1	7.1	7.6	8.0	7.5	7.3	5.9	4.7	4.1	3.6	4.0
Orlando, FL		4.5	4.8	4.8	4.5	3.8	3.5	3.3	3.1	3.6	2.6	2.9	3.7
Phoenix, AZ	~	5.2	5.5	4.5	4.8	4.8	4.0	3.2	3.2	2.7	2.2	2.7	3.2
Raleigh-Cary, NC		4.9	6.1	7.1	7.1	6.8	5.6	5.8	5.1	5.2	4.7	3.9	4.0
Riverside-San Bernardino, CA	~~~~	3.3	3.6	3.4	3.8	3.7	4.3	3.8	4.1	3.7	3.5	3.7	4.1
Sarasota-Bradenton-Venice, FL		7.0	7.7	7.7	7.0	7.3	5.9	4.5	4.6	4.8	5.3	6.3	6.1
Tampa, FL		5.1	6.3	6.7	6.3	5.9	5.0	4.5	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.4	4.7
13													

Table 4c – Month-End Vacancy (by Percentage) – Top MSAs



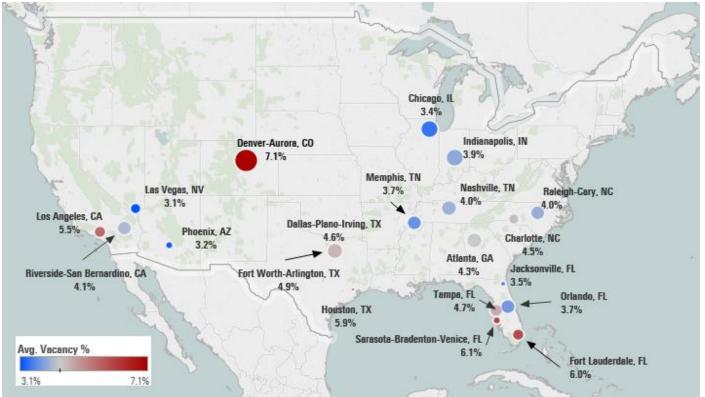


Chart 5 – MSA-Level Vacancy and Lease Expiration Percentage (by Count)*

Sources: Morningstar Credit Ratings, LLC; Tableau Software

*The size of the circles represents the past three months of lease expirations by count as a percentage of each MSA, ranging from 19.75% to 29.71%. Because of their proximity, the Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas, MSA is hidden behind the Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas, MSA.



Table 5a – Lease Expiration (by Count)



Table Ja – Lease	Expiration (by G													
		Year 2017					,	/ear 2018						Total <u>Count</u>
		Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	
AH4R 2014-SFR2		371	331	264	201	189	161	310	346	368	329	423	411	4,481
AH4R 2014-SFR3	$\searrow \longrightarrow$	448	416	265	241	160	171	348	332	311	280	361	410	4,499
AH4R 2015-SFR1		488	423	336	313	251	235	360	354	291	247	278	347	4,634
AH4R 2015-SFR2		355	214	159	132	133	151	238	310	397	315	438	425	4, 123
AMSR 2016-SFR1		281	225	186	193	178	167	178	271	300	320	361	323	4,262
CAH 2015-1	<u> </u>	393	378	298	287	266	175	215	207	219	251	319	374	3,758
CSH 2016-1		340	273	264	234	191	170	197	220	276	303	308	347	3,516
CSH 2016-2		300	287	230	243	237	167	232	257	306	325	392	354	3,955
HPA 2016-2		179	11	5	6	10	16	14	12	105	155	235	284	1,301
HPA 2017-1	~~~	87	141	118	186	149	114	91	74	110	114	73	17	1,345
IH 2017-SFR2								242	247	292	294	330	391	4,411
IH 2018-SFR1										311	346	323	363	4,289
IH 2018-SFR2													331	5,610
PRD 2015-SFR2		192	118	179	221	185	142	189	234	260	307	324	216	3,287
PRD 2015-SFR3		525	284	216	157	93	76	81	120	108	187	292	287	3, 150
PRD 2016-SFR1		358	176	216	322	230	286	330	426	480	567	468	368	5,549
PRD 2016-SFR2		639	426	270	209	127	113	150	145	148	165	271	333	3,742
PRD 2017-SFR1	\frown		112	279	381	229	197	162	133	127	89	136	145	2,708
PRD 2018-SFR1											54	52	97	2,113
SWH 2017-1						210	204	284	385	418	475	442	381	4,432
TAH 2016-SFR1	·	301	238	171	221	107	92	124	159	197	235	225	260	3,436
TAH 2017-SFR1	~~~~			276	261	206	171	241	229	241	119	159	176	3,480
TAH 2017-SFR2								141	161	197	124	154	157	2,621
TAH 2018-SFR1	~											160	137	2,509
Overall SFR		5,257	4,053	3,732	3,808	3, 151	2,808	4, 127	4,622	5,462	5,601	6,524	6,934	87,211
15														



Table 5b – Lease Expiration (by Percentage)



Idule Ju – Ledse		r ercentaye)											
		<u>Year 2017</u> Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec Ye	ar 2018 Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
AH4R 2014-SFR2		8.3	7.4	5.9	4.5	4.2	3.6	6.9	7.7	8.2	7.3	9.4	9.2
AH4R 2014-SFR3		10.0	9.2	5.9	5.4	3.6	3.8	7.7	7.4	6.9	6.2	8.0	9.1
AH4R 2015-SFR1		10.5		7.2	6.7	5.4	5.0	7.7	7.6	6.2	5.3	6.0	7.5
AH4R 2015-SFR2		8.6		3.9	3.2	3.2	3.7	5.8	7.5	9.6	7.6	10.6	10.3
AMSR 2016-SFR1		6.6	5.3	4.4	4.5	4.2	3.9	4.2	6.4	7.0	7.5	8.5	7.6
CAH 2015-1		10.3	9.9	7.8	7.5	7.0	4.6	5.7	5.5	5.8	6.7	8.5	10.0
CSH 2016-1		9.5	7.7	7.4	6.6	5.4	4.8	5.6	6.2	7.8	8.6	8.7	9.9
CSH 2016-2		7.5	7.2	5.8	6.1	5.9	4.2	5.8	6.4	7.7	8.2	9.9	9.0
HPA 2016-2		13.3	0.8	0.4	0.4	0.7	1.2	1.1	0.9	7.9	11.8	17.9	21.8
HPA 2017-1	~~~	6.3	10.2	8.6	13.6	10.9	8.4	6.7	5.4	8.1	8.4	5.4	1.3
IH 2017-SFR2								5.5	5.6	6.6	6.7	7.5	8.9
IH 2018-SFR1	~									7.3	8.1	7.5	8.5
IH 2018-SFR2													5.9
PRD 2015-SFR2		5.8	3.6	5.4	6.7	5.6	4.3	5.7	7.1	7.9	9.3	9.9	6.6
PRD 2015-SFR3		16.6	9.0	6.9	5.0	3.0	2.4	2.6	3.8	3.4	5.9	9.3	9.1
PRD 2016-SFR1		6.4	3.2	3.9	5.8	4.1	5.1	5.9	7.7	8.6	10.2	8.4	6.6
PRD 2016-SFR2		17.1	11.4	7.2	5.6	3.4	3.0	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.4	7.2	8.9
PRD 2017-SFR1			4.1	10.3	14.1	8.5	7.3	6.0	4.9	4.7	3.3	5.0	5.4
PRD 2018-SFR1	_										2.6	2.5	4.6
SWH 2017-1						4.7	4.6	6.4	8.7	9.4	10.7	10.0	8.6
TAH 2016-SFR1	$\overline{}$	8.8	6.9	5.0	6.4	3.1	2.7	3.6	4.6	5.7	6.8	6.5	7.6
TAH 2017-SFR1				7.9	7.5	5.9	4.9	6.9	6.6	6.9	3.4	4.6	5.1
TAH 2017-SFR2								5.4	6.1	7.5	4.7	5.9	6.0
TAH 2018-SFR1												6.4	5.5
Overall SFR		9.5	7.0	6.1	6.2	4.8	4.3	5.7	6.3	7.1	7.1	8.0	8.0
16]												



Table 5c – Lease Expiration (by Percentage) – Top MSAs Year 2017 Year 2018													
		Year 2017											
		Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
Atlanta, GA		8.8	6.7	6.3	6.0	5.2	4.6	5.8	6.3	6.6	7.5	8.2	8.1
Charlotte, NC	$\overline{}$	9.2	7.7	7.4	7.2	5.0	4.4	5.2	6.1	7.3	6.6	7.1	7.9
Chicago, IL	$\searrow \frown$	9.1	7.4	5.9	5.0	3.0	3.0	6.6	8.8	8.2	7.8	9.3	8.2
Dallas-Plano-Irving, TX		9.7	7.0	5.8	6.7	4.9	4.7	5.8	6.5	7.9	6.5	7.2	9.0
Denver-Aurora, CO		10.0	8.3	7.2	6.2	4.8	5.2	5.1	7.3	8.0	9.8	10.3	9.6
Fort Lauderdale, FL	~~~~~	6.8	6.0	6.2	7.9	6.6	5.4	7.8	6.3	7.8	7.1	8.0	7.0
Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	$\underline{\hspace{1.5cm}}$	8.7	6.5	6.0	6.4	5.2	4.5	4.8	6.4	8.1	7.5	7.8	8.9
Houston, TX	$\underbrace{}$	9.1	6.1	5.5	5.2	5.0	4.4	5.2	6.2	7.2	6.3	6.5	7.0
Indianapolis, IN		11.6	7.4	5.1	5.0	2.3	1.9	6.9	7.3	7.1	7.3	9.4	8.4
Jacksonville, FL	$\searrow \longrightarrow$	9.2	5.6	5.6	8.6	6.5	5.5	6.9	6.9	6.3	5.2	8.5	6.4
Las Vegas, NV		9.9	7.7	6.4	6.8	5.2	4.4	5.4	5.8	6.5	7.5	6.9	7.2
Los Angeles, CA		7.1	7.3	6.8	7.0	6.9	6.0	6.2	4.7	7.3	7.2	6.7	8.0
Memphis, TN	$\searrow \frown$	8.5	6.4	5.4	6.0	3.3	3.1	5.2	5.2	8.1	8.3	8.5	7.0
Nashville, TN	\searrow	8.5	6.4	5.4	7.4	4.6	4.1	5.3	5.4	6.4	7.7	7.5	8.5
Orlando, FL		9.8	8.0	6.4	7.1	5.6	5.1	6.1	5.7	5.9	5.8	8.9	8.6
Phoenix, AZ	~~~	8.9	7.4	5.9	8.0	5.6	5.2	6.7	7.3	7.2	7.0	6.8	6.9
Raleigh-Cary, NC	·	10.0	7.7	6.8	7.6	5.2	4.0	4.3	6.6	7.1	6.2	8.1	8.4
Riverside-San Bernardino, CA	$\overline{}$	7.5	7.0	6.8	8.2	7.0	4.1	5.8	7.0	8.2	7.9	8.1	7.2
Sarasota-Bradenton-Venice, F	~~~~	8.7	7.7	7.2	8.0	6.1	5.4	4.7	6.9	7.4	5.6	7.5	7.4
Tampa, FL		9.8	7.8	6.7	6.1	5.4	4.8	5.7	6.4	6.6	6.8	7.5	8.0

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Table 6a – Historical Months of Vacancy for June Vacancies (by Count)



Table 6a – Historical Months of Vacancy for June Vacancies (by Count)														
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12+	Total
AH4R 2014-SFR2		31	34	24	22	9	4	3	1	5	0	0	1	134
AH4R 2014-SFR3		47	25	26	25	24	15	8	5	12	6	8	7	208
AH4R 2015-SFR1		34	28	31	15	14	8	4	4	1	6	5	9	159
AH4R 2015-SFR2		53	46	40	25	16	5	2	3	7	2	1	2	202
AMSR 2016-SFR1	L	101	45	40	19	14	16	6	2	3	1	1	2	250
CAH 2015-1		76	38	40	32	19	5	5	3	1	0	1	3	223
CSH 2016-1	Lu	71	49	33	22	9	8	4	3	2	2	1	2	206
CSH 2016-2	h	95	57	39	25	15	4	1	1	2	4	1	0	244
HPA 2016-2		36	25	14	8	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	86
HPA 2017-1		17	18	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	42
IH 2017-SFR2	I	117	41	14	5	2	0	0						179
IH 2018-SFR1	I I	127	86	0	15	2								230
IH 2018-SFR2		233	15											248
PRD 2015-SFR2		40	32	20	11	9	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	117
PRD 2015-SFR3	I	57	32	18	8	4	7	4	1	6	1	1	1	140
PRD 2016-SFR1		68	63	31	19	9	3	2	2	0	1	2	0	200
PRD 2016-SFR2	L	71	32	14	8	3	2	0	0	1	1	2	0	134
PRD 2017-SFR1	L	51	32	5	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	90
PRD 2018-SFR1		35	8	1	0									44
SWH 2017-1	h	159	67	21	8	2	3	2	3	0				265
TAH 2016-SFR1		62	43	18	11	10	7	2	1	1	0	0	1	156
TAH 2017-SFR1		50	17	6	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		76
TAH 2017-SFR2	I	51	15	10	1	1	1	0						79
TAH 2018-SFR1	kJ .	25	54	1										80
Overall SFR	h	1,707	902	451	283	165	93	45	29	42	24	23	28	3,792
18														

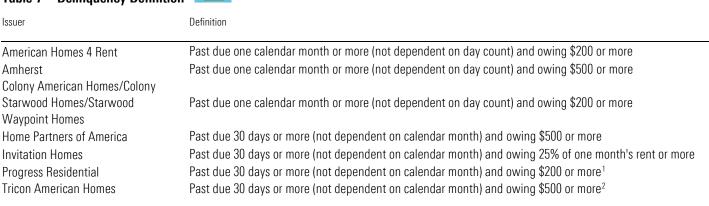


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Table 6b – Historical Months of Vacancy for June Vacancies (by Percentage) 12+ 3 2 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 1 Total 0.0 AH4R 2014-SFR2 23.1 25.4 17.9 16.4 6.7 3.0 2.2 0.7 3.7 0.0 0.7 100.0 the s AH4R 2014-SFR3 22.6 12.0 12.5 12.0 11.5 7.2 3.8 2.4 5.8 2.9 3.8 3.4 100.0 AH4R 2015-SFR1 21.4 17.6 19.5 9.4 8.8 5.0 2.5 2.5 0.6 3.8 3.1 5.7 100.0 10.00 AH4R 2015-SFR2 26.2 22.8 19.8 12.4 7.9 2.5 1.0 1.5 3.5 1.0 0.5 1.0 100.0 1111 AMSR 2016-SFR1 2.4 18.0 16.0 7.6 5.6 6.4 0.8 1.2 0.4 0.4 0.8 100.0 40.4 н. CAH 2015-1 17.0 17.9 14.3 8.5 2.2 2.2 1.3 0.4 0.0 0.4 1.3 100.0 34.1 Let 1 CSH 2016-1 34.5 23.8 16.0 10.7 4.4 3.9 1.9 1.5 1.0 1.0 0.5 1.0 100.0 Lu. CSH 2016-2 38.9 23.4 16.0 10.2 6.1 1.6 0.4 0.4 0.8 1.6 0.4 0.0 100.0 Lu. HPA 2016-2 29.1 100.0 41.9 16.3 9.3 2.3 1.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Ŀь. HPA 2017-1 40.5 42.9 11.9 2.4 2.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 н. IH 2017-SFR2 7.8 1.1 0.0 0.0 100.0 65.4 22.9 28 Ι. IH 2018-SFR1 55.2 37.4 0.0 6.5 0.9 100.0 lh. IH 2018-SFR2 94.0 6.0 100.0 PRD 2015-SFR2 7.7 27.4 100.0 34.2 17.1 9.4 2.6 0.9 0.0 0.9 0.0 0.0 0.0 LL. PRD 2015-SFR3 40.7 22.9 12.9 5.7 2.9 5.0 2.9 0.7 4.3 0.7 0.7 0.7 100.0 L. PRD 2016-SFR1 34.0 31.5 15.5 9.5 4.5 1.5 1.0 1.0 0.0 0.5 1.0 0.0 100.0 11. PRD 2016-SFR2 53.0 23.9 10.4 6.0 2.2 1.5 0.0 0.0 0.7 0.7 1.5 0.0 100.0 Ь. PRD 2017-SFR1 56.7 35.6 5.6 0.0 0.0 1.1 1.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 h PRD 2018-SFR1 79.5 18.2 2.3 0.0 100.0 SWH 2017-1 60.0 25.3 7.9 3.0 0.8 1.1 0.8 1.1 0.0 100.0 la. TAH 2016-SEB1 27.6 11.5 71 45 0.0 0.0 06 100.0 39.7 64 13 06 06 LL. 0.0 100.0 TAH 2017-SFR1 65.8 22.4 7.9 3.9 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Ι. TAH 2017-SFR2 64.6 19.0 12.7 1.3 1.3 1.3 0.0 100.0 TAH 2018-SFR1 67.5 100.0 31.3 1.3 Overall SFR 45.0 23.8 11.9 7.5 4.4 2.5 1.2 0.8 0.6 0.7 100.0 1.1 0.6 Ŀъ 19



Table 7 – Delinquency Definition



¹ Includes Section 8 rent, pet fees, and MTM fees, but excludes late fees and damage fees.

²Based on total receivables.



Table 8a – Month-End Delinquency (by Count)



		Year 2017					Y	ear 2018						Total Count
		Ju	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	
AH4R 2014-SFR2	~~~	13	15	9	21	19	20	20	22	8	7	7	12	4,481
AH4R 2014-SFR3		7	11	7	21	12	14	19	20	7	12	9	5	4,499
AH4R 2015-SFR1		12	14	21	26	28	26	22	29	13	15	8	12	4,634
AH4R 2015-SFR2		7	6	10	17	24	10	21	18	6	7	10	7	4,123
AMSR 2016-SFR1		171	78	66	97	111	114	98	95	80	60	75	73	4,262
CAH 2015-1		17	22	30	28	31	32	20	23	26	17	42	35	3,758
CSH 2016-1	~~~~	24	21	29	28	26	29	33	26	21	7	29	37	3,516
CSH 2016-2		27	23	43	34	40	48	37	36	24	13	36	32	3,955
HPA 2016-2	~~~~	g	12	19	17	12	16	9	10	9	6	11	12	1,301
HPA 2017-1	<u> </u>	g	13	17	12	11	7	10	10	5	8	7	9	1,345
IH 2017-SFR2	\sim							33	30	19	15	27	33	4,411
IH 2018-SFR1	~									15	29	30	38	4,289
IH 2018-SFR2													43	5,610
PRD 2015-SFR2	~~~~~	19	14	26	25	23	24	28	21	18	10	24	18	3,287
PRD 2015-SFR3		16	19	22	23	17	22	29	25	20	17	19	0	3, 150
PRD 2016-SFR1		28	29	27	43	45	44	39	40	31	28	27	0	5,549
PRD 2016-SFR2	~~~ <u>`</u>	20	16	24	23	19	39	41	0	26	18	17	0	3,742
PRD 2017-SFR1			14	20	19	16	17	17	22	16	17	14	0	2,708
PRD 2018-SFR1	7										15	16	0	2,113
SWH 2017-1						34	36	45	45	31	19	45	45	4,432
TAH 2016-SFR1		g	5	3	2	15	15	18	23	10	10	21	9	3,436
TAH 2017-SFR1				25	19	14	12	10	12	2	3	26	0	3,480
TAH 2017-SFR2	\sim							7	9	4	6	13	4	2,621
TAH 2018-SFR1	/											0	2	2,509
Overall SFR		388	312	398	455	497	525	556	516	391	339	513	426	87,211
21														

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Table 8b – Month-End Delinquency (by Percentage)



	I-Liiu Deinique		iitaye/										
		Year 2017 Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec Ye	ar 2018 Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
AH4R 2014-SFR2		0.3	Aug 0.3	о.2	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3
AH4R 2014-SFR3		0.2	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1
AH4R 2015-SFR1		0.3	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3
AH4R 2015-SFR2		0.2	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
AMSR 2016-SFR1		4.0	1.8	1.5	2.3	2.6	2.7	2.3	2.2	1.9	1.4	1.8	1.7
CAH 2015-1		0.4	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.5	1.1	0.9
CSH 2016-1	~~~~<	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.2	0.8	1.1
CSH 2016-2		0.7	0.6	1.1	0.9	1.0	1.2	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.3	0.9	0.8
HPA 2016-2		0.7	0.9	1.4	1.3	0.9	1.2	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.9
HPA 2017-1	<u> </u>	0.6	0.9	1.2	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.7
IH 2017-SFR2	\sim							0.7	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.7
IH 2018-SFR1	~									0.3	0.7	0.7	0.9
IH 2018-SFR2													0.8
PRD 2015-SFR2	$\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$	0.6	0.4	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.7	0.5
PRD 2015-SFR3	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.0
PRD 2016-SFR1		0.5	0.5	0.5	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.0
PRD 2016-SFR2		0.5	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.5	1.0	1.1	0.0	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.0
PRD 2017-SFR1	$\frown\frown\frown$		0.5	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.0
PRD 2018-SFR1	٦										0.7	0.8	0.0
SWH 2017-1						0.8	0.8	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.4	1.0	1.0
TAH 2016-SFR1		0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.3
TAH 2017-SFR1	\sim			0.7	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.7	0.0
TAH 2017-SFR2	~^							0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.2
TAH 2018-SFR1	/											0.0	0.1
Overall SFR	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.5

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Table 9 – Monthly Retention Rate of Expiring Leases



			.00000				V	2010					
		Year 2017 Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	ar 2018 Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
AH4R 2014-SFR2		76.0	73.1	74.6	78.6	75.1	75.2	77.4	78.9	80.4	79.3	76.8	TBD
AH4R 2014-SFR3		71.4	72.6	73.6	71.0	78.1	78.9	76.7	81.9	74.3	80.0	73.1	TBD
AH4R 2015-SFR1		74.8	74.9	75.9	75.7	77.3	76.2	75.3	74.9	77.7	72.5	72.3	TBD
AH4R 2015-SFR2		72.7	67.3	62.9	78.0	68.4	76.2	76.1	80.3	75.3	75.2	72.1	TBD
AMSR 2016-SFR1		83.3	79.6	87.1	86.0	87.1	85.6	88.8	83.0	80.3	80.9	80.6	TBD
CAH 2015-1		76.1	73.5	80.2	81.5	74.4	77.1	83.3	75.8	79.9	84.9	86.2	TBD
CSH 2016-1		76.2	75.5	76.1	83.3	73.8	79.4	76.6	82.7	76.1	79.5	78.2	TBD
CSH 2016-2		68.0	68.3	73.0	78.6	67.5	73.1	78.9	80.9	80.7	79.7	72.7	TBD
HPA 2016-2	·	84.4	63.6	100.0	66.7	90.0	81.3	78.6	75.0	77.1	77.4	75.7	TBD
HPA 2017-1		81.6	85.1	80.5	82.3	89.3	83.3	87.9	79.7	80.9	75.4	78.1	TBD
IH 2017-SFR2								78.1	80.6	83.2	81.0	79.7	TBD
IH 2018-SFR1	~									84.6	78.9	80.2	TBD
IH 2018-SFR2													TBD
PRD 2015-SFR2		75.5	70.3	72.1	78.7	80.0	83.1	79.9	77.4	81.9	85.3	78.1	TBD
PRD 2015-SFR3		71.4	66.9	67.1	73.9	77.4	73.7	72.8	75.8	75.9	80.2	79.8	TBD
PRD 2016-SFR1		69.8	65.9	68.5	79.5	77.0	76.9	80.9	78.4	81.7	81.1	80.8	TBD
PRD 2016-SFR2		75.6	70.4	77.0	79.4	80.3	80.5	87.3	81.4	82.4	78.8	79.7	TBD
PRD 2017-SFR1			69.6	73.1	79.8	76.0	76.1	82.1	81.2	91.3	83.1	72.1	TBD
PRD 2018-SFR1	\										85.2	75.0	TBD
SWH 2017-1	\sim					74.8	84.8	81.3	75.8	78.5	78.5	85.7	TBD
TAH 2016-SFR1		82.7	85.3	81.3	82.8	78.5	84.8	81.5	83.6	81.2	85.5	81.3	TBD
TAH 2017-SFR1				77.2	82.8	84.0	88.3	79.3	82.5	79.7	84.0	78.0	TBD
TAH 2017-SFR2	~							76.6	81.4	80.7	78.2	78.6	TBD
TAH 2018-SFR1												77.5	TBD
Overall SFR		75.0	73.1	75.1	79.5	77.3	79.4	79.5	79.5	79.9	80.0	78.2	TBD
TBD – To Be Determined													
23													



Table 10 – Monthly Retention Rate of MTM Leases



	y netention na		ascs -				V	2010					
		<u>Year 2017</u> Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec Ye	ar 2018 Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
AH4R 2014-SFR2		78.9	80.4	82.4	83.7	87.4	86.8	89.7	87.3	86.9	87.5	85.9	TBD
AH4R 2014-SFR3		78.6	81.9	86.0	83.2	81.4	89.2	90.0	85.8	83.6	86.4	76.0	TBD
AH4R 2015-SFR1		81.4	81.3	81.3	81.0	87.1	84.9	86.5	82.3	88.6	86.1	78.7	TBD
AH4R 2015-SFR2		79.3	81.1	81.2	87.0	80.9	88.8	86.4	85.5	82.9	82.6	72.6	TBD
AMSR 2016-SFR1	~~~~~	94.2	92.4	96.7	95.7	95.0	93.7	98.2	95.2	94.6	95.5	90.9	TBD
CAH 2015-1		77.8	81.1	72.5	80.0	74.4	78.0	72.5	91.7	81.0	88.6	77.8	TBD
CSH 2016-1		66.0	75.6	78.9	67.5	75.0	79.3	77.8	78.6	80.0	75.7	85.7	TBD
CSH 2016-2	~	70.2	78.4	57.5	62.9	70.4	74.1	75.0	75.8	78.1	77.8	83.9	TBD
HPA 2016-2		100.0	100.0	100.0									TBD
HPA 2017-1													TBD
IH 2017-SFR2								91.0	78.4	89.1	82.9	80.6	TBD
IH 2018-SFR1	<u> </u>									77.2	87.5	77.6	TBD
IH 2018-SFR2													TBD
PRD 2015-SFR2		72.6	72.7	82.6	81.0	78.6	79.5	80.6	91.9	88.4	82.5	76.7	TBD
PRD 2015-SFR3		75.9	73.7	78.6	75.7	75.5	76.7	83.3	80.6	84.4	70.0	72.4	TBD
PRD 2016-SFR1		79.5	80.0	80.7	88.0	81.8	81.9	85.0	80.9	78.8	79.3	76.7	TBD
PRD 2016-SFR2		78.3	73.9	77.2	78.8	76.8	81.8	100.0	65.8	91.1	96.0	72.2	TBD
PRD 2017-SFR1			81.3	73.5	76.3	66.7	91.4	82.1	91.2	100.0	68.1	61.3	TBD
PRD 2018-SFR1											75.0	60.0	TBD
SWH 2017-1						61.3	80.8	75.0	71.4	82.4	78.3	77.0	TBD
TAH 2016-SFR1		92.2	91.3	93.6	95.1	95.5	92.9	95.5	94.4	95.3	95.3	89.4	TBD
TAH 2017-SFR1				88.1	92.5	93.5	87.0	90.2	87.6	85.7	84.3	86.8	TBD
TAH 2017-SFR2								98.2	93.1	88.1	92.7	89.5	TBD
TAH 2018-SFR1												92.1	TBD
Overall SFR		84.2	84.6	87.0	88.3	88.2	88.9	92.2	88.6	88.9	88.7	84.0	TBD
TBD – To Be Determined													
24													



Table 11a – MTM Tenants (by Count)



	i renancs (by		1											
		Year 2017						ear 2018						Total Count
		Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	
AH4R 2014-SFR2		251	245	217	185	178	175	170	190	206	208	232	237	4,481
AH4R 2014-SFR3		227	216	199	180	168	148	155	188	220	199	233	226	4,499
AH4R 2015-SFR1		221	229	227	198	195	187	184	204	220	219	223	205	4,634
AH4R 2015-SFR2		215	207	179	147	156	143	143	150	183	200	235	221	4, 123
AMSR 2016-SFR1		574	600	605	648	684	709	696	733	747	759	761	754	4,262
CAH 2015-1		36	37	40	40	43	41	40	36	42	44	54	66	3,758
CSH 2016-1		47	41	38	40	36	29	27	28	30	37	42	55	3,516
CSH 2016-2		47	37	40	35	27	27	28	33	32	27	31	45	3,955
HPA 2016-2		1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,301
HPA 2017-1		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,345
IH 2017-SFR2								92	95	115	101	111	105	4,411
IH 2018-SFR1										92	104	116	125	4,289
IH 2018-SFR2													104	5,610
PRD 2015-SFR2		76	71	63	66	64	49	55	58	65	62	65	59	3,287
PRD 2015-SFR3		112	115	110	87	60	52	49	50	41	46	63	54	3, 150
PRD 2016-SFR1		151	125	116	122	111	120	119	127	127	126	133	116	5,549
PRD 2016-SFR2		122	137	123	99	85	70	71	201	59	63	78	81	3,742
PRD 2017-SFR1			47	62	76	67	49	46	47	47	108	49	47	2,708
PRD 2018-SFR1	/										6	14	18	2,113
SWH 2017-1						31	26	24	28	34	60	87	84	4,432
TAH 2016-SFR1		348	371	379	360	377	339	257	252	261	215	278	253	3,436
TAH 2017-SFR1				207	197	217	225	195	197	184	121	127	114	3,480
TAH 2017-SFR2								229	195	194	176	174	152	2,621
TAH 2018-SFR1	/											118	128	2,509
Overall SFR		2,428	2,479	2,606	2,480	2,499	2,389	2,580	2,812	2,899	2,881	3,224	3,249	87,211
25														



Table 11b – MTM Tenants (by Percentage)



Tadle TTD – IVITIVI	Tenants (by Per	-											
		Year 2017 Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec Ye	ear 2018 Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
AH4R 2014-SFR2		5.6	5.5	4.8	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.8	4.2	4.6	4.6	5.2	5.3
AH4R 2014-SFR3		5.0	4.8	4.4	4.0	3.7	3.3	3.4	4.2	4.9	4.4	5.2	5.0
AH4R 2015-SFR1		4.7	4.9	4.9	4.2	4.2	4.0	4.0	4.4	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.4
AH4R 2015-SFR2		5.2	5.0	4.3	3.6	3.8	3.5	3.5	3.6	4.4	4.9	5.7	5.4
AMSR 2016-SFR1		13.5	14.1	14.2	15.2	16.0	16.6	16.3	17.2	17.5	17.8	17.9	17.7
CAH 2015-1		0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.8
CSH 2016-1		1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.6
CSH 2016-2		1.2	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.8	1.1
HPA 2016-2		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HPA 2017-1		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
IH 2017-SFR2								2.1	2.2	2.6	2.3	2.5	2.4
IH 2018-SFR1										2.1	2.4	2.7	2.9
IH 2018-SFR2													1.9
PRD 2015-SFR2		2.3	2.2	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.5	1.7	1.8	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.8
PRD 2015-SFR3		3.5	3.6	3.5	2.8	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.3	1.5	2.0	1.7
PRD 2016-SFR1		2.7	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.1
PRD 2016-SFR2		3.3	3.7	3.3	2.6	2.3	1.9	1.9	5.4	1.6	1.7	2.1	2.2
PRD 2017-SFR1	$\frown \frown \frown$		1.7	2.3	2.8	2.5	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	4.0	1.8	1.7
PRD 2018-SFR1											0.3	0.7	0.9
SWH 2017-1						0.7	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.8	1.4	2.0	1.9
TAH 2016-SFR1		10.1	10.8	11.0	10.5	11.0	9.9	7.5	7.3	7.6	6.3	8.1	7.4
TAH 2017-SFR1				5.9	5.7	6.2	6.5	5.6	5.7	5.3	3.5	3.6	3.3
TAH 2017-SFR2								8.7	7.4	7.4	6.7	6.6	5.8
TAH 2018-SFR1												4.7	5.1
Overall SFR		4.4	4.3	4.2	4.0	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.9	3.7
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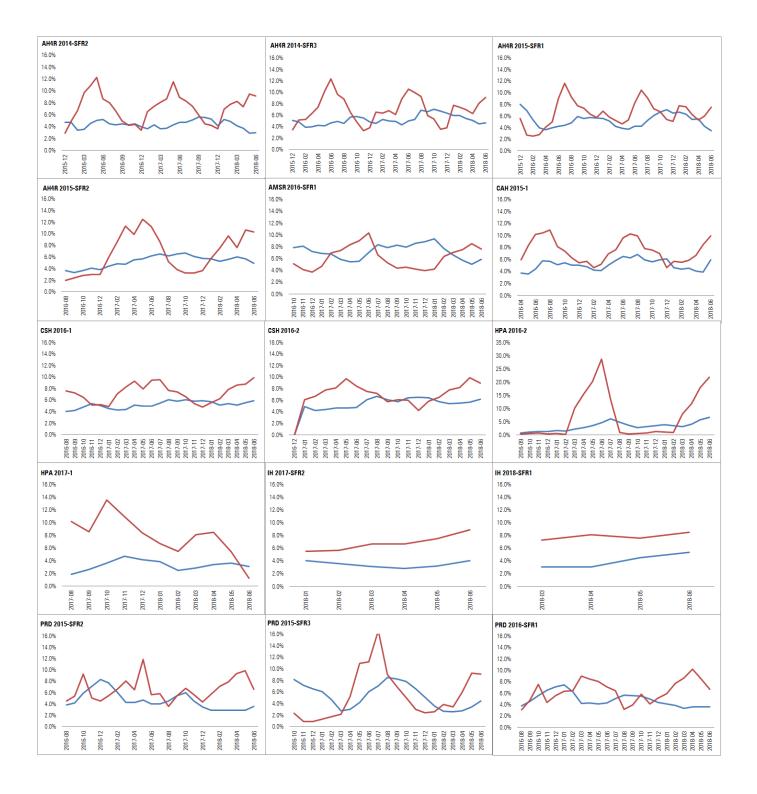
Table '	12 – N	/lonthlv	Turnover	Rate
10010			1 41110101	

								Va	ar 2019					
		<u>Year 2017</u>	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec Ye	ar 2018 Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
AH4R 2014-SFF	R2	~	3.9	3.9	2.9	2.9	2.5	2.2	2.8	2.4	2.9	2.7	3.9	TBD
AH4R 2014-SFF	R3		5.1	4.3	3.4	3.1	2.1	2.4	2.6	2.4	3.3	3.0	3.6	TBD
AH4R 2015-SFF	R1	~	4.2	4.1	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.8	3.4	3.2	3.2	2.6	3.0	TBD
AH4R 2015-SFF	R2	<u> </u>	4.4	3.7	3.3	2.5	2.3	2.9	2.5	2.6	4.0	3.6	4.4	TBD
AMSR 2016-SF	R1		3.3	2.5	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.2	2.8	1.7	2.7	2.9	2.8	TBD
CAH 2015-1	\sim	~	3.8	4.1	2.7	3.2	2.8	2.3	1.9	2.6	2.6	1.7	3.0	TBD
CSH 2016-1	\sim	\checkmark	3.4	3.6	2.9	2.9	2.6	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.2	2.5	4.0	TBD
CSH 2016-2	~	\checkmark	4.3	4.5	3.0	3.2	3.0	2.4	2.6	2.5	3.2	2.3	4.1	TBD
HPA 2016-2		~	3.6	1.9	1.0	1.6	2.2	1.2	1.7	1.5	3.5	3.8	5.7	TBD
HPA 2017-1	~~	-	2.2	2.5	2.3	3.6	2.3	1.7	1.6	1.9	2.4	2.5	2.4	TBD
IH 2017-SFR2	_	-							2.4	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.8	TBD
IH 2018-SFR1		-									1.8	2.8	2.9	TBD
IH 2018-SFR2														TBD
PRD 2015-SFR	2	_	3.0	3.2	3.1	2.9	2.5	2.2	2.4	2.5	3.5	3.3	5.0	TBD
PRD 2015-SFR	3		7.1	4.6	4.2	3.0	2.4	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.3	3.5	TBD
PRD 2016-SFR	1	_	3.5	3.2	3.2	2.9	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.8	3.0	3.4	3.7	TBD
PRD 2016-SFR	2	_	5.2	5.3	3.2	3.0	1.7	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.2	3.3	TBD
PRD 2017-SFR	1			7.5	4.3	4.1	3.8	3.5	2.4	1.8	2.1	1.6	3.4	TBD
PRD 2018-SFR	1											3.3	1.9	TBD
SWH 2017-1		~					2.0	2.3	2.4	3.0	3.7	2.7	3.6	TBD
TAH 2016-SFR	1		3.1	2.8	3.5	2.2	2.5	1.7	2.1	1.7	2.4	2.3	2.8	TBD
TAH 2017-SFR					6.6	3.3	2.7	2.0	3.1	2.4	2.7	2.3	2.3	TBD
TAH 2017-SFR	2	_							6.3	1.3	2.7	2.7	2.2	TBD
TAH 2018-SFR	1												6.5	TBD
Overall SFR		~	4.1	3.9	3.4	3.0	2.5	2.3	2.6	2.4	2.9	2.7	3.5	TBD
TBD – To Be De 27	etermined													



Appendix I – Vacancy Versus Lease Expiration

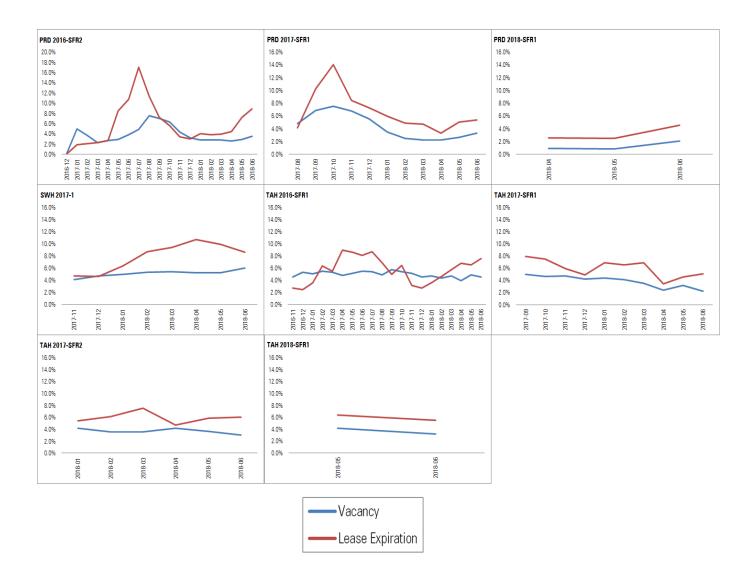




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Appendix II – Description of Analysis

Morningstar tracks key metrics to gauge the performance of single-borrower, single-family rental transactions that Morningstar rates. There are several ways to view these metrics. For example, the vacancy rate might be calculated based on property count, by cash flow, or by days of occupancy. To account for different reporting across issuers, Morningstar seeks commonality across the singleborrower issuers' monthly reporting to derive its calculations.

Multiborrower deals are similar to single-borrower transactions in that the underlying collateral is generally single-family rental properties. They differ, though, in that single-borrower deals are backed by one loan, while multiborrower deals have many loans. As such, the monthly reporting for multiborrower deals is different from the data reported in the single-borrower sector. For example, delinquency reported in Tables 8a and 8b are tenants that are past due on rental payments at a property level. For multiborrower transactions, delinquency is measured by borrowers that are past due on payments at the loan level.

Table 1 – Multiborrower Loan Performance by Percentage of Balance

To calculate the percentage of loans delinquent, in foreclosure, and/or in special servicing, Morningstar takes the respective balance divided by the current deal balance.

Table 2 – Multiborrower Loan Performance by Loan Count

Morningstar shows the total loan count in a securitization and the number of loans 30-59 days delinquent, 60-89 days delinquent, over 90 days delinquent, in foreclosure, real estate owned, and in special servicing.

Chart 1 – Single-Family Rental Rent Change Versus RentRange Year-Over-Year Rent Change

To calculate the rent change across single-borrower, single-family rental transactions, Morningstar isolated the leases starting in a given period and compared the contractual rent in that period with the prior occupied contractual rent. Morningstar then compared this rent change with the year-over-year change in three- and four-bedroom median rents from RentRange. Morningstar weighted the RentRange median rents by geography to match the MSA concentration of the Morningstar single-family rental database.

Chart 2 – Rental Changes for Renewals Versus Vacant-to-Occupied Properties

Morningstar calculated the rent change using the contractual rent for the corresponding period versus the prior occupied contractual rent. To determine the lease expiration sample, Morningstar used the logic outlined in the Tables 5a, 5b, and 5c – Lease Expiration section. Morningstar then looked at the property tape to determine the renewed properties and compared that contractual rent with

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the prior contractual rent. For vacant properties subsequently occupied by new tenants, Morningstar isolated those properties that were vacant in a given month and occupied in the next month and again compared the current contractual rent with the prior contractual rent.

Chart 3 – June Average Contractual Rent Versus Property-Level RentRange Estimate by MSA

Chart 3, which shows some of the MSAs most frequently found in single-family rental securitizations, takes a snapshot of the June contractual rents in the Morningstar single-family rental database and compares these rents with their property-specific rent estimates from RentRange.

Chart 4 – MSA-Level Blended Rent Change

Chart 4 shows the blended rent change of some of the MSAs frequently found in single-family rental securitizations. The size of each circle represents the percentage of properties by count in each MSA from Morningstar's database. MSAs in red are below the overall average rent change for the month, while those in blue are above.

Table 3 – Blended Rent Change (by Percentage) – Top MSAs

Table 3 shows the MSA-level blended rent change for the past 12 months using the same rent change calculation used in Chart 1 and Chart 4.

Tables 4a, 4b, and 4c - Month-End Vacancy

Table 4a displays deal-level vacancy by the month-end count of empty properties. Table 4b shows the deal-level vacancy as a percentage of the total properties in each pool. Table 4c shows the MSA-level vacancy percentage for some of the MSAs frequently found in single-family rental securitizations. The vacancy rate is heavily influenced by the number of lease expirations in each month. Generally, the more leases expiring in a given month, the higher the vacancy rate will be. Because each transaction or MSA has a distinct lease expiration schedule, the vacancy rate should not be viewed at one point in time, but rather in the context of its lease expiration cycle, as reported in Tables 5a, 5b, and 5c and as seen in the charts in Appendix I.

Chart 5 – MSA-Level Vacancy and Lease Expiration Percentage (by Count)

Chart 5 shows the vacancy rate of some of the MSAs frequently found in single-family rental securitizations. The size of each circle represents the percentage of leases expiring in the past three months. MSAs in red are above the overall average vacancy percentage for the month, while those in blue are below. Typically, the more leases expiring, the higher the vacancy rate.

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Tables 5a, 5b, and 5c – Lease Expiration

Because lease expiration profiles change over time as tenants renew or new tenants occupy vacant properties, Morningstar seeks to rely on more recently published reporting of lease expirations, rather than solely using the lease expiration schedule from the cutoff date. To determine June lease expirations, Morningstar looks for all June lease expirations in the March property tape. Morningstar looks three months back to set a lease expiration sample that more accurately captures tenants who renew their leases in months before their scheduled lease expiration. Certain issuers have indicated that they proactively work to renew tenants a few months before the lease expiration date. Because Morningstar is looking three months back to determine its sample, there are instances when tenants vacate properties between the time Morningstar determines its sample and the month in which the tenant must make a decision to stay in the property. Morningstar excludes those vacated properties from its lease expiration sample and its retention rate calculation in Table 9. In the current example, properties that become vacant or that have move out dates in either April or May are removed from the June lease expiration count.

Tables 6a and 6b – Historical Months of Vacancy

Tables 6a and 6b show the number of months of vacancy the June unoccupied properties have experienced. In other words, if a property is unoccupied as of the June property tape, these tables summarize the number of total months the property has been vacant since the transaction cutoff date. Depending on the length of performance history, the overall vacancy may be in line with the number of consecutive vacant months, but this might not always be the case for those properties that have gone through multiple leasing cycles. Table 6a shows historical months of vacancy by count, and Table 6b is as a percentage of the June vacancies.

Table 7 – Delinquency Definition

Morningstar's calculation of delinquency is based on the number of properties flagged as delinquent in the monthly property-level data. Each issuer uses its own criteria for classifying a tenant as delinquent. Table 7 summarizes the delinquency definition for each issuer and contains details on the length of time that must pass from a tenant's due date to be considered delinquent. The length of time is either based on a count of 30 days or is based on the calendar month. The slight distinction, for example, either results in a property with payment due on May 1 considered as delinquent after 30 days or as delinquent on June 1. None of the issuers factor a grace period into their delinquency definition, meaning their respective measures of past due begin if payment has not been received by the stated due date. In addition to timing, these conditions can also differ by the total dollar threshold an issuer uses to classify a tenant as delinquent and by the types of overdue payments that the issuer uses to count toward that threshold. For example, most issuers use only base rent to determine the dollar amount of delinquency. However, Tricon American Homes counts total receivables to determine the past due amount. Progress Residential includes certain fees above base rent but not total receivables.

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Tables 8a and 8b – Month-End Delinquency

Table 8a shows the month-end count of delinquencies based on the definition in Table 7, and Table 8b shows delinquency as a percentage of the total number of properties in each pool. Any review of delinquency should be viewed within the context of the delinquency definitions in Table 7.

Table 9 – Monthly Retention Rate of Expiring Leases

When evaluating an issuer's ability to keep tenants in a property, Morningstar considers a retention rate. Once again, differences in monthly reporting affect the calculation that Morningstar uses. Typically, a renewal rate would review those tenants who signed a full-term lease. Considering the different methods issuers use to designate tenants with either a renewal or an MTM status, Morningstar opted to report the retention rate instead of the renewal rate. The retention rate is defined as those properties that retained previous tenants, whether on full-term or MTM leases, divided by the total number of leases due to expire in that period, as reported in Table 5a and explained in Appendix II. If there is not enough seasoning in the deal to look three months back to determine the lease expiration sample, Morningstar relies on the cutoff tape lease expiration profile. As a result, the first three months of retention sample, Morningstar looks at the most recent property tape to determine the lease status for May expirations. Morningstar relies on the issuer's labeling of vacant, renewal, new lease, or MTM, to the extent that these notations are available in each tape.

Table 10 – Monthly Retention Rate of MTM Leases

In Table 10, Morningstar reviews the retention rate of those properties in an MTM status. This table looks at previous tenants who went to an MTM status and either renewed or remained in the property on an MTM basis. For the MTM retention rate, Morningstar looks for MTM tenants in the previous month's property tape, and then looks to the current month for their occupancy status. For example, the May 2018 retention rates are the June statuses of May MTM tenants.

Tables 11a and 11b – MTM Tenants

In Tables 11a and 11b, Morningstar shows the count and percentage of properties with MTM tenants. Securitizations with higher concentrations of MTM tenants typically report higher retention rates of their MTM leases. MTM tenants are usually subject to a monthly fee, which may encourage them to eventually sign full-term leases.

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Table 12 – Monthly Turnover Rate

In evaluating how effective an issuer is at retaining tenants, Morningstar considers the monthly turnover rate. For this metric, Morningstar strives to apply a consistent calculation given the differences in issuers' reporting. Morningstar considers a property turned over if it meets one of three criteria:

- The property is vacant but was occupied in the previous month and the move-out date, if available, is on or after the first day of the current month;
- The move-out date is on or after the first day of the current month, including the last day of the current month; or
- The property was occupied in the prior month and a tenant has signed a new lease that starts on or after the second day of the current month.

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